



WOOD WAX FINISH TRANSPARENT

Product Quick Sheet

Revised: 3/30/10 By: SCR

GENERAL PRODUCT INFO

Product Description	Interior stain products based on natural waxes and oils (compatible with OSMO Hard Wax Oil)	
MSRP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0.125L: \$13.99 ▪ 0.375L: \$23.99 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0.75L: \$35.99 ▪ 2.5L: \$ 107.99
Shipping Method (to Customer)	UPS (NOTE: a flammable materials fee may be required for air shipments)	
Coverage Rate	200-260 sf/liter/coat (100-130 sf/liter for 2 coats) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 200 sf common for softer woods (e.g., pine) or open grain woods (e.g., red oak) ▪ 260 sf common for harder, closed grain woods (e.g., maple) 	
Return Policy	Per applicable Dealer's Terms & Conditions	
Warranty Summary	No specific warranty. We have never encountered a quality related problem with this product.	
Other Products Needed for Project	OSMO Floor Brush, White/Red Pad, Brush Cleaner, Liquid Wax Cleaner, Wash and Care	
Year We Began Selling Product	1999	
Point of Origin	OSMO, Germany	

SAMPLE INFO

Sample Description	.125L (approximately 4 oz.) samples
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KEY SELLING POINTS (VALUE PROPOSITION)

Performance:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Compatible with OSMO Hard Wax Oil ▪ No sanding between coats (if properly supplied) ▪ Will never crack or peel
Quality:	Outstanding durability
Affordability:	Competitive
Aesthetic:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Great low gloss finish (matte to satin) ▪ Great selection of colors
Sustainability/Health:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Based in natural waxes and oils ▪ "Safe when dry"

USE/MAINTENANCE

Basic Application Method	Sand no finer than 120 grit (100 grit for very hard woods) Key Tips: "Work in, Wipe off": <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Work thoroughly into wood grain ▪ Remove all excess wax from the surface ▪ When in doubt use less
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Min. Dry Time (assuming good technique & enviro conditions)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8-12 hrs between coats 8-24 hrs after final coat
Maintenance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cleaning: Use OSMO Wash & Care. You may also use vinegar & water or mild detergents Repairs: For scratches and stains, it is possible to spot sand and reapply the stain. Color matching can be problematic.
Appropriate Uses/Limitations:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interior only Designed for any bare wood surface

FAQ'S/IMPORTANT FACTS

What is the VOC content of WWF?	<550g/L (do not thin)
How do I use this product for floors?	We recommend one coat of the Wood Wax Finish followed by one coat of the Hard Wax Oil. This will provide maximum durability. Hard Wax Oil and Wood Wax Finish are compatible and can also be mixed.
Application to softer or open grain woods (pine, fir, cedar, red oak)	3 (or even 4) coats may be necessary. Repeat application until drops of water bead on the surface. Assertively removing all excess wax from the surface becomes more important for latter coats.
Application to very hard woods/tropicals	Sand no finer than 100 grit. A solvent scrub (e.g., mineral spirit) may ease application.
Can this product be applied over an existing finish?	Usually No, the product needs to be able to penetrate into the grain. It may be possible to apply the product over a porous stain.
Is this product spot repairable?	Yes. However, it is far more difficult to repair a stain than clear finish. The difficulty has to do with matching the color between the repair area and non-repaired area. One technique is to mask off to the edges of the boards surrounding the repair area. Try a sample board to assess feasibility.
How can you recognize over application?	Whitish, cloudy or shiny patches usually indicate over application. Brush marks are also common signs of over application. To test, scratch the suspected area with your fingernail. If wax comes off on your fingernail, this is excess wax that was not pushed into the wood grain. Excess wax should be removed by scuff sanding with an abrasive pad (try white first then red).
How can you recognize under application?	Usually an under applied area will look dry. To test, sprinkle a few drops of water on the floor. If there is adequate finish on the floor the water will bead. If there is not, the water will penetrate into the wood.